

in industrial corporations, and in mines, has more "vested rights" to be favored in Congress than any other. The trans-Atlantic steamships require careful attention. The great railroad systems of the country must be represented. The builders of battleships and cruisers are constantly on the lookout to manipulate appropriation bills. The Steel Trust, the Beef Trust, the Coal Trust, the Salt Trust, the Whiskey Trust and the thousand and one other trusts must be protected if they are to continue in a more or less hazardous business.

**ALDRICH, KING OF THE SENATE.**

Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, represents more great interests than any other man in Congress. No lobbyist can hang around Senator Aldrich. He deals only with the "Captains of Industry"—with the Rockefeller, the Morgans, the Jame J. Hills, the E. H. Harrimans, the W. K. Vanderbilts, the Schwabs, the Carnegies, the Armour, the Swifts, the Cramps. The list of interests that

Senator Aldrich serves with his voice and his influence would be too long to print in an article so limited in scope as this. It will serve our purpose to mention a few of the most important. First of all, Senator Aldrich represents the Standard Oil Company. The term Stand-

(Continued on page 6.)







# American Labor to Gain by it's Trials.—The Coming Capitalistic Oppression will Open it's Eyes.

Our trades union friends of the pure and simple persuasion have struck a snag.

The onward and upward march of their movement, carried on with laudable zeal and most praiseworthy success during the last few years of the present period of capitalistic prosperity, so-called, seemed for a while to have dumfounded the opposition, carrying everything before it.

Just now the other fellows apparently are recovering from their surprise.

Assisted by some resourceful specimens of the lawyer tribe—always ready and willing to "turn an honest dollar," being not at all inflexible as to the honest part of it, as long as it is a dollar—the employers show fight.

In accordance with their peaceful and law-abiding proclivities they select as place for their assaults not a battlefield, but a courtroom, putting, with well merited confidence, the burden of the struggle on the shoulders of the judiciary, and trusting alike in the smartness of their counselors-at-law and in the untrammeled prejudices of the gentlemen of the jury.

In the city of Chicago ten or more suits for damages have been entered during the last few months against many trades unions, their officers and members. Similar news comes from the East. In Danville, Conn., the bank accounts and also the home-steads of all the members of a local Hatters' Union have been attached in connection with a damage suit begun against the union by some local hatter firm claiming that its trade has been hurt by the union. Other suits of like character are sure to follow, here and there and everywhere.

True, the outcome of these cases is as yet in doubt, though there is not much room left for such with people who have paid any attention to the kind of justice that's being dispensed now-a-days. The Supreme Court of the model State of Vermont having already decided on the financial liability of trades unionists for all actions taken by their union, a "precedent" has been created which the "wearers of the ermine" all over the country will most joyfully follow.

The effect which this new fangled legal warfare will have on the trades unions—at least for a while—can easily be foreseen. The large majority of the working people, as well they may, stand as yet in awe of the high and mighty, though ponderous and complicated, machinery of the courts. The mere shadow of a remote possibility that on the strength of some judgment his hut and lot may be taken from him—not all the states enjoy as liberal laws of exemption as have been framed in Wisconsin—is liable to scare the meagre wits out of many a poor devils.

So we may expect that the Employers' Association will to a considerable extent succeed on the line which they now have taken up in order to fight the trades unions to a standstill. Be it so!

Perhaps the reader finds it strange that anything akin to gloom should find vent in these columns amidst the threatened discomfiture of organized labor. This finding would

be correct and ought to rise to the degree of righteous wrath if satisfactory reasons could not be given for the complacent, aye, happy and grateful mood we are put in by the latest development in the struggle of the "pure and simple" movement.

As stated above: the movement has struck a snag. But this snag will do the movers good. It will set them to thinking, and thinking they will learn to see things as they really are. Therefore the snag may be called a beneficial one.

I have said that the employers, assisted by their lawyers and their courts, will most probably succeed in fighting the trades unions to a standstill, for a while. There is no such thing as permanent stagnation. Should such a state of affairs be produced by any cause, either retrogression must soon set in, or renewed progress. Retrogression in this case is simply out of the question. Considering the proportions to which the labor movement has grown in America during the last decade the snag that's trying to stop it is a very insignificant obstacle. But it will prove sufficient to turn the movement into another direction, into the channel where it of right belongs.

The legal luminaries, earning at present fat retainers and fees while working with might and main for Employers' Associations and Anti-Boycott Leagues, may not know it themselves, but—as a matter of fact—they are doing most valuable yeoman's service for Labor. Their efforts will clear away a most oppressive and hindering mist of superstition and in regard to the possibilities left to Labor under the old order of things. The constitutional rights of "property," paramount at present to all other interests of mankind combined, will loom up in all their barbarous monstrosity before hitherto unwary eyes. The necessity will become clear that these rights must be clipped and changed to meet changed conditions. That the whole social fabric, founded as it is on a subject dependence of the great majority of the people upon a grasping, scheming, overreaching and overbearing minority, must be overhauled in order to secure in good earnest for all citizens that liberty of action, that equality of standing which as yet we possess only in theory and in the empty boasts of professional patriots.

Leaders of the trades union movement, opposed on principle to "independent political action," have

of late changed their position so far as to admit that not much good is to be gained by political alliances with one or the other of the old parties, because most any law passed by a state legislature, or by Congress in the interest of Labor is almost sure to be overthrown by the courts on the strength of technicalities flung out of constitutional recesses by crafty lawyers, or by the judges themselves. The Fourteenth Amendment to the National Constitution adopted with the benevolent intention of securing equal rights for the negro has but poorly served this purpose, while on the other hand it is proving a very treasure trove for the defenders of old abuses in the world of industry. The labor leaders know this well, but they argue that any independent labor party, be it socialistic or otherwise, would find itself confronted by the same insurmountable obstructions of the constitution, and helpless to execute the demands of its platform, even if it should succeed to power.

This argument, being a last resort, will hardly hold good for any considerable length of time. It is an argument of hopelessness, which it is clear as day that the cause of labor is not a hopeless one. If it is necessary to revise the constitution

in order to secure the development of our social and political affairs, which the evolutionary trend of progress demands, then the constitution will be revised. Should it turn out that the legal ramifications thrown around the constitution in order to impede or frustrate attempts to change it, are detrimental to the common weal, then they will be done away with. If the opposition should overstep the bounds of political decency in trying to prevent their elimination, then it may happen that the constitution as a whole will go to pieces in the struggle, and that much reorganization will be hastened.

To make these things possible it is necessary for the working masses to emancipate themselves from the political guardianship of their opponents, to think and reason for themselves, to discern the fetters of bondage which make them captives of plutocracy under the present arrangement of society and in common to gather the strength of purpose that is needed to burst these fetters. Whatever is to be done in the premises it will have to be done by organized endeavor and in the field of politics. We therefore must create a political organization the foundation for which is being now laid by the Social Democratic party.

Edmund Deuss.

Chicago, Oct. 1903.

## Quotations For Preying Money-Changers.

"There is danger that the money powers will grow till the people have lost their liberty."—Lincoln.

"Banks are more danger to the liberties of the people than standing armies."—Jefferson.

"The American Bankers' Association will meet in this city in convention from 20th to 23rd of October, and the various sessions of the convention will be opened with prayers by such ministers as Rev. George C. Adams, Right Rev. Bishop W. F. Nichols, Rev. Bradford Leavitt."—Daily Press News.

It is suggested that such ministers should read before the assembled bankers such texts from the book they swear by and live on, as the following: "The land shall not be sold forever."—Leviticus, xxv, 23.

"In the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread."—Genesis, iii, 19.

"I pray you, let us leave off this usury; restore, I pray you, to them, even this day, their lands, their vineyards, their oliveyards, and their houses, also the hundredth part of the money, and of the corn, the wine, and the oil that ye exact of them."—Nehemiah V, 10-11.

Nehemiah saw that one per cent

was running the nation, and, acting up to his conviction, called a mass meeting and earnestly addressed the multitude as quoted.

In the first year of the 20th century of Christianity, the first National Bank of New York paid a dividend of nineteen hundred per cent.—July 13, 1901.

"If thou lend money to any of my people that is poor by thee, thou shalt not be to him as an usurer, neither shalt thou lay upon him usury."—Exodus xxii, 25.

"Thou shalt not give him thy money upon usury."—Leviticus xiv, 3.

"Jesus went up to Jerusalem and found in the temple . . . the changers (usurers) of money sitting and when he had made a scourge of small cords, he drove them all out of the temple . . . and poured out the changer's (usurers) money and overthrew the tables."—John ii, 13, 14, 15.

If this man was "stirring up a teaching the people" today in the 20th century of Christianity—he would be called an anarchist, and the money power and the parsons would silence him, probably have shot him in the back: methods of the rich do not improve.

"The rich ruleth over the poor,

and the borrower is servant to the lender."—Prov. xxii, 7.

"Go to now, ye rich men, weep and howl for your miseries that shall come upon you, your riches are corrupted, and your garments are moth-eaten; your gold and silver is cankered; and the rust of them shall be a witness against you, and shall eat your flesh as it were fire. Ye have heaped treasure together for the last days. Behold, the hire of the laborers who reaped down your fields, which is of you kept back by fraud, crieth; and the cries of them which have reaped are entered into the ears of the Lord of Sabaoth."—James v, 1, 2, 3, 4.

If such parsons refuse to read such texts to the assembled usurers, before they pray for those who prey on Labor, morning, noon and night, weekdays, Sundays, Holidays, all days, then I would remark, I consider their conduct and lives the quintessence of hypocrisy.

The Church and State build poor-houses and prisons, and manufacture the inmates.

Labor and Usury are engaged in a life and death struggle, which will win: 84,000,000 people or 4,357 National Banks?

Kinghorn-Jones.  
San Francisco, October 7.

Local Jennings, Pa. . . . .	1.00
Local Jennings, La. . . . .	.50
W. H. DeBerry, Somerton, Ariz. . . . .	.50
R. F. Barton, Green Valley, Ill. . . . .	.30
Frank Ohnemus, Long Island, N. Y. . . . .	1.00
A. H. Floate, Telluride, Col. . . . .	1.00
C. Mahoney, New Haven, Conn. . . . .	.25
Total to noon, Oct. 31st. . . . .	39.30
Previously reported . . . . .	2,113.07
Total. . . . .	\$2,152.37

Wm. Mailly, Nat'l. Secy.

## The Party Name in Pennsylvania.

Comrade H. B. Barron of Lansford, Chairman of the Carbon County Committee, has challenged the county chairman of the Democratic county committee to debate the merits of their respective parties.

The Dauphin County Court on Oct. 14th decided that the nomination papers of the Socialist Labor Party (Sanial faction) were defective and issued an order allowing them until Monday, Oct. 19th, to amend them, provided they do not use the appellation "Socialist." The papers were objected to on the grounds that the "Socialist Labor Party" has no right to the use of the name "Socialist" in conjunction with the word "Labor," as the law says "No words shall be used in any nomination papers to describe or designate the party or policy or political appellation represented by the candidate named in such nomination papers as aforesaid, identical with the words used for the like purpose in certificates or nominations made by a convention of delegates of a political party."

The attorney for the "Socialist" Labor Party argued that the "Socialist party" was only a small group of citizens who had nominated by petition and had accidentally polled for these candidates two per centum of the entire vote cast in the state.

"The Socialist Labor Party," he said, was a bona fide organization

which had for several consecutive elections used the title "Socialist Labor Party." Secretary Eberle of the S. L. P. was put on the stand to prove it was a bona fide party. Comrade Luther S. Kauffman, the attorney for the Socialist party, cross examined Eberle. He asked if the S. L. P. was not an insurgent party which had seceded from the "Socialist Labor Party." Eberle admitted that it had seceded from the S. L. P. He said in answer to Comrade Kauffman's questions of how many sections there were of the S. L. P. that it had nine. Eberle also testified that the S. L. P. is a national party. Comrade Kauffman then forced him to admit that if the party he represented is a "Socialist Labor Party" then there are two such parties in the United States and in Penna., and that the S. L. P. is not entitled to use exclusively its appellation the words "Socialist Labor Party." The attorneys for the Socialist party, Luther S. Kauffman of Philadelphia, and Attorney Bergner of Harrisburg, contended that as the "Socialist party" had cast two per centum of the vote at the last state election its title to the words "Socialist party" and its right to keep any other party from using the word "Socialist" in title was absolute. The Court accepted their definition and sustained the objection of the Socialist party.

Franklin H. Slick, State Secy.

## Nebraska Party News.

Comrade James A. Easton has been elected state organizer.

Fourteen new lecture stations have been added to the list as follows: Bassett, Benkleman, Auburn, Pawnee City, Lexington, Cozard, McCook, Indianola, Cambridge, Fairbury, Dawson, Nebraska City, Auburn.

Local headquarters in Omaha has been presented with a piano through the efforts of the Woman's Socialist Union.

Arrangements have been made for John W. Brown to open his western tour at Omaha, just one week following Hanford. Comrade Hanford will close one campaign, and Comrade Brown will open another.

J. P. Roe, State Secy.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 31.

## Ohio Socialist Notes.

Comrade Isaac Cowen, the Socialist candidate for governor, was obliged to discontinue his tour of the state at New Philadelphia on Oct. 27th owing to sickness.

Local Dayton took in twenty-one new members at the last meeting of the City Central Committee.

Caldwell, with his immense voice for outdoor work, did great service in the Cincinnati campaign. Meetings were held daily from before noon until late at night and speakers took their turn upon the box at regular intervals, working like clock work.

The state office will send regular circuit speakers over the circuit during the winter season, except that the comrades will be given a rest during November.

H. D. Thomas, delegate from Cleveland to the National Civic Federation meeting in Chicago, reported that he was more convinced than ever since attending this meeting that there was a class struggle; that the employers, attending this meeting, fought the unions at each and every point.—E.X.

The Herald is a clean paper that no one need be ashamed to hand to friend or stranger. Spread the light of Socialism. To keep it concealed is a crime.

Those Herald postals are just the thing for propaganda. Five for Two Dollars.

## Gleanings from Busy Socialistic Fields!

NOTE: In some states the organization is known as the Socialist Party, in others as the Social Democratic Party. Where the term "local" is used it does not refer to trade union locals, but to the local body of the Socialists. In some states these are merely called branches, so as not to offend the unions.

### NOTES FROM YANKEE LAND.

The Social Democrats in New York state raised a campaign fund of two thousand dollars and put up a good, vigorous campaign.

The Minnesota state executive committee has called a state convention to be held at Minneapolis on St. Paul, Feb. 21, for the selection of a state ticket.

Comrade Charles H. Matchett of Brooklyn will make a speaking tour under national auspices between New York and Florida, beginning at Philadelphia on Nov. 12.

Mother Jones is working among the mining towns of Colorado, where such brave friends of labor are badly needed. The miners are receiving her with great enthusiasm.

At Chattanooga Comrade Debs was greeted as he stepped on the lecture platform by a local comrade, Mrs. Waite Lautermische, who recited an original poem, entitled, "Welcome to Eugene V. Debs." The papers published long accounts of the lecture.

The Vanguard of Green Bay will issue its November number as a Woman's edition. Its contributors will be women well known in the Socialist and Suffrage movements and portions from Miss Willard's addresses will also be given to show her leaning toward Socialism.

The San Francisco Socialists have won their fight on the chief of police in the courts. The chief was trying to make himself solid with the pluries by arresting our street speakers, but the courts finally had to declare that no law was being broken and that free assemblage was guaranteed by the constitution. The chief, like most smarties of his class, took the decision rather hard.

Ontario Socialists have been having a convention. There were fifty delegates and their deliberations brought them into line with the international movement. The success of the clear cut British Columbia movement and its successes at the recent elections was a potent factor in shaping the meeting. Comrade Isaac Cowen of Cleveland was present and made a well received address. Mrs. May Darwin of Toronto was chosen secretary of the executive board.

The recent state convention in New Orleans struck a snag on the race question and the matter will be given to the national committee for

action. The Louisiana comrades took the ground that the co-operative commonwealth will have to build a fence between the blacks and the whites, and say they will organize the present state party with black branches and white branches, for the same reason, doubtless, that railroads in the South provide regular cars and "Jim Crow" cars to separate the two races.

Socialist Alderman Johnson of Chicago has been at outs with his family for a long time because of his principles, and recently had an open rupture with his mother and they will hereafter live apart. Some of the scaly birds who sit in the Chicago council to do the dirty work for capitalism became righteously indignant over the matter and proposed that the council investigate and declare Johnson's seat forfeited. The poor, tender hearted, virtuous Chicago aldermen!

For two days last week the office of the Appeal to Reason down in Kansas was tied up with a strike of the employes, but the matter has been adjusted and the proprietor of the paper forced to pay better wages. The paper is also, it is claimed, to turn its profits over to the national party hereafter, instead of their going to enrich a private individual. Just what the profits of the paper are, with its large circulation and modern labor saving plant, is not known, but as the paper recently turned over a thousand dollars to the party, it would appear that the "Appeal army" has been a pretty good thing to have held of. As to the matter of wages, we hope the Socialist movement will not be longer injured by stories of extreme exploitation of labor in the Appeal office. Other Socialist papers, from principle, pay the highest union wages for their work, and there are scarcely any of them able to run without a deficit, while those that have tried to meet the low price of the Appeal are on the verge of complete collapse.

"What Must We Do To Be Saved?" is the title of a new propaganda booklet now in press, written by Victor L. Berger, and designed as an introductory to the study of Socialism. It may be had in lots of one hundred at fifty cents, or for \$4.50 a thousand. Single copies two cents. It is just what you have been looking for.

### ACROSS THE HERRING POND.

At the second ballots for district councilmen in Alsace, a Socialist editor, Comrade Peirotes, was elected, receiving 1,751 votes. His opponent received 1,116 votes.

There is a report that the Countess Oriela, in disguise, attended the convention of the German Socialist party in Dresden, and that she has been giving the Socialists important information.

The thirty-sixth annual convention of the British trade unions was held in Leicester the second week in September. There were 460 delegates, representing 1,500,000 organized workers. Comrade Pete Curran's resolution in favor of supporting the Labor Representation Committee was adopted with 506,000 votes against 285,000. The Independent Labor Party and the Fabian Society, which together have 14,000 members, and 127 trade unions with 847,000 members now support the Labor Representation Committee. The Miners' Federation, which is the largest labor organization in Great Britain, does not support the Labor Representation Committee, nor does the Social Democratic Federation, whose members vote for none but Socialist candidates and form no alliances. Comrade Fred. Knee in an article on "The Trades Union Congress" in London "Justice" of Sept. 19th says: "Last week's congress would certainly have been a funeral farce without its Socialist element. The chief score for Socialism was the speech by Max Hayes, the American delegate."

### From National Headquarters.

The following contributions have been made to the National Organizing Fund since last report:

Local Hemet, Calif. . . . .	\$10.00
Job Trotter, Macon, Ga. . . . .	.25
G. W. Finley, Henrietta, Tex. . . . .	.25
A. E. Shober, Kingfisher, Okla. . . . .	.50
W. L. Reynolds, Kingfisher, Okla. . . . .	.50
Ford Lfever, Hite, Pa. . . . .	.50
Pike Street Branch, Seattle. . . . .	10.00
Alex. Krueger, South Amana, Iowa . . . . .	5.00
"Evanston Comrade" . . . . .	2.00
A. L. N. Y. City . . . . .	.25
F. A. Sikes, Milton, Oreg. . . . .	.25
Local Arlington, N. J. . . . .	5.00
Miles Martin, Keb, Iowa . . . . .	.25

## "HAND-OUT" SOCIALIST MAKERS.

Now's your chance to get good Propaganda Leaflets!

- 1. "Socialists Practical," by Victor L. Berger.
- 2. "Dance of the Water Tank," by Edward Bellamy.
- 3. "Death Knell of Liberty" (on the new military law) by Herald Editor.
- 4. "A Word to the Rich," by Victor L. Berger.

### IN PREPARATION:

- 1. "How Labor Conquer Everything?" by Eugene V. Debs.

NOTE: We still have left some of the WISCONSIN STATE PLATFORM

above leaflets, single or assorted, may be had for \$1.00

a hundred, 60 cents for 500 or 15 cents for 100.

Send Democratic Herald, 344 Sixth St., MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

## SOCIALIST BOOK STORE

Has been opened at 344 SIXTH STREET, Milwaukee, Wis., at the Headquarters of the Social Democratic Party.

A large line of works on Social and Economic subjects is in stock, and over 100 varieties of Socialist literature at all prices, from Marx' Capital at \$2.00 to the 3c Madden Library.

Any book on the market can be secured at this store, at regular prices, and sometimes for less. It will pay to just stop and look over the display, or to send us for any book you may need.

J. J. MILLER, Pres. R. RAASCH, Sec. BERN. MCKANN, Treas.

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## HOW THE HERALD STANDS.

We have grouped below several list. The first hand points to its position in the booklet entitled, "Leading Newspapers," and the second to its place in the labor list in the booklet, "Class and Trade Papers." We respectfully call the attention of advertisers to this showing. It gives substantiation to our claims as a medium for reaching a preferred class of buyers.

**Leading Newspaper**  
Considered by States from the Advertiser's Standpoint  
A LIST Compiled by the Editor of THE SOCIALIST  
107 N. BROAD ST. NEW YORK

**Class and Trade Papers**  
Omitting Religious and Agricultural Papers and those printed in Foreign Languages  
Considered from the Advertiser's Standpoint  
A List Compiled by the Editor of THE SOCIALIST  
107 N. BROAD ST. NEW YORK



# Social Democratic Herald

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY THE

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FREDERIC HEATH.

Editor.

Official Paper of the Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee and of the Wisconsin State Federation of Labor.

Entered at Milwaukee Post-office as Second-class Matter, Aug. 20, 1901.

## What International Socialism Demands:

1. Collective ownership of public utilities and all industries in the hands of Trusts and Combinations.
2. Democratic management of such collective industry.
3. Reduction of the hours of labor and progressively increased remuneration.
4. State and National Insurance for the workers and honorable rest for old age.
5. The Inauguration of public industries to safeguard the workers against lack of employment.
6. Education of ALL children up to the age of 18 years. No child labor.
7. Equal political and civil rights for men and women.

If you believe in the above vote with the Social Democrats.

## Putting the Unions out of Business.

On the theory that they have a right to run their own businesses as they choose, hiring such men as they choose, and paying such wages as they choose, a number of employers of labor met last week in Chicago and organized an employers' union, to be known as the Citizens' Industrial Alliance of America. Summed up in so many words, the object of this new organization of capital is to put the labor unions of the country out of business. It is then a union of the rich designed to deny the poor the right to form a union!

Outwardly, its principles consist in seeking to strengthen the police, court and military powers in preserving the industrial peace. To promote good feeling between the workers and those who get the fruits of their work. To stimulate public feeling against violence, coercion and intimidation in connection with strikes. To encourage individual enterprise and freedom in the management of industry. To establish a bureau of education and to create a defense fund for "the promotion of SUCH OBJECTS" as shall be approved of by the executive committee of the association.

There is a good deal that is significant in even these outward claims, but back of the declaration for "freedom in the management of industry" is of course a determined purpose to break up labor unionism. The captains of industry want to be free to run their own business without having a union interfere with that right. The capitalists of the Parry type believe that if capital will only organize it can rout unionism from the field and force the worker to make an individual contract with his employer. That is what they mean when they chatter about the "rights of contract." Without the union the worker is at the mercy of his employer, and this is the average capitalist's conception of "harmony" between labor and capital. There were no unions among the black slaves of the South, consequently no strikes—so there was harmony! To get this sort of harmony on the industrial field, Parry and his fellow parry-sites will now begin an organized secret campaign against the unions. They think they have it in their power to deny the offensive union man the chance to work for a living. They can hound him off the earth. If they can hound the ringleaders of the unions off the earth in this way they will practically have the unions out of business. To this will be added other measures, of course, such as court judgments against union treasurers for alleged injury through strikes, laws against picketing and boycotting, labor injunctions and the like. They want the work-slave to be a slave in fact. They want him to come to them one at a time to be dealt with. No wonder they rose and sang: "My country, 'tis of Thee," in closing their convention! Whose else country is it, forsooth! Certainly not the workers' whose agonizing toil and empty lives have built it up.

In this immediate emergency—that is, providing the Citizens' Alliance proves as dangerous to the working class and its rights as some fear—the safety of unionism would seem to lie in a frank appeal to publicity. The reason why the employer prefers to deal with the worker single-handed should be made clear in the public mind. On the other hand, the public should be made to see that the very fact that the workers have been forced into unionism itself proves that unionism is a social necessity. The union is the worker's shield against economic tyranny—as far as it goes—single-handed he can be cowed into submission to almost any wage the competitive struggle for the jobs forces him to. And besides this, to take a broader view of the case, from the standpoint of society itself, the plan of the Alliance, if it succeeded, would be to give the bread-masters a still greater share of the products of labor, and the vast working class a much lower share, thus lowering their purchasing power and their standard of living still more, and with the chances of helping on the periodical hard times and bringing increased disaster on the small merchant class. So that it is clear that the Parry plan would only add to the craziness of the present system.

But the claim of the bread masters that they have a right to "run their own business as they like" is coming to be disputed by a large and growing fraction of the people of this country. They dispute the title of the capitalists to the proprietorship of the forces by which society provides itself with the things it needs. The production of commodities is a social need, and these men are in control of these social operations only by surferance, after all. This view of the situation is spreading very fast—much faster than these blustering parry-sites realize. And so it is clear that when they start alliances to bring the workers into still more abject dependence upon them, they are only hastening the day when the American people will deny their right to own our industries and will dispossess them. They are only hastening the placing of the noose that will ultimately hang them, metaphorically speaking.

If you like good jokes, here is one. In a certain American city there is an engine house which numbers among its firemen several practical jokers. In some way they got it into their heads a while ago to pretend that one of their number was a Socialist. They spread the story round, and their victim knowing nothing of Socialism, was considerably disturbed about it. Then to manufacture evidence against him, as a means of increasing his discomfiture, one of them sent in a subscription to The Social Democratic Herald in the victim's name, and when the paper began to come each week, there were loud haws at his expense. The victim tore the paper up as fast as it came, but one day, his curiosity getting the better of his ire, he slipped it in his pocket and at the dinner table took it out and began to read. It was different from what he had expected. The more he read the more it caught his interest and opened his eyes. He read the paper through and through in the next few days. Then he saw his chance to turn the tables! He got some of its arguments down and began to sail

into his tormentors. He got them into arguments and floored them. As the paper came from week to week he began to get a clearer idea of the philosophy of Socialism and hence could argue better. The practical jokers began to think that the joke was on them, and it is reported that even some of them are wavering in their old partisanship! And there is a good deal of Socialism in risk-taking one's life fighting fire for jokes! Filthy Father Sherman is now lecturing in Indiana and advocating the destruction of the Socialists by the government by means of gunpowder and the murderous weapons with which Christian nations are so well provided in these blasphemous days.

Prof. Commons claims that labor unions are teaching the immigrants self-respect and self-government. Before the unions were organized in the coal regions there was a constant state of warfare between the dozen or more nationalities. Unions stopped these feuds and "taught the immigrants their primary lesson in democracy, whose basis is liberty and law."

## IS TIRED OF ITS RIDER!



THE American Federation of Labor needs a True Leader--One who is not in Partnership with Hanna and Cleveland, and who will not Waste Time and Money Lobbying with Rotten Congressmen.

## HALF HOURS IN THE HERALD SANCTUM.

Milwaukee, Nov. 2. — Editor Herald: The comrades of Wisconsin are on the threshold of an election of a state executive board. Without doubt every one wishes and is anxious to have the best material selected. It is difficult, because comrades in the state don't know personally comrades in Milwaukee, and vice versa. Often comrades depend on each other and select names they have often heard or read of, viz. speakers, etc.

Abilities and qualification are varied. One is an organizer, another is an agitator, another good at distributing literature, etc. Our motto should be: the right man in the right place.

What are the qualities to fit for Executive Board?

- 1) Very well versed (clear) in our principles and intelligent.
- 2) Faithful in principle, tested by years of activity.
- 3) Experience in party and labor movement matters.
- 4) Tact in judgment and treating arising questions.
- 5) Record of comrade must prove that there is no inclination, whatever, to deal, compromise or fuse with other parties or politicians.

Often comrades are elected to party offices who are in other respects good and qualified except for just such office as elected to, who are surpassed for the office in question by others who never are spoken of. Election by referendum is a good thing and very democratic, but too often a play of chance.

Not to influence any of my comrades, but to illustrate my thoughts, I will name here such comrades for whom I will vote. I am in the movement for many years and know the material in Milwaukee.

My first selection will be John Doerfler, Sr. Reasons: He is clear, steadfast and faithful in our principles, tested for many years and rich in experience as not many. I will vote either for Robert Meister or Frederic Heath for the same reasons. Emil Seidel is also intelligent, well read, faithful, and like the former named, experienced and full of tact.

In addition to these three I shall select 2 good Socialists who are prominent and well experienced in the union labor movement among the following: Fred. Brockhausen, Jacob Hunger and Gustav Richter, the latter secretary of the Brewers union.

In selecting of four comrades in the state I am not so certain because of lack of personal acquaintance. But I know one good man and he is good for the office and that is Robert Saltiel, Editor of our Sheboygan party organ. 2nd selection, R. O. Stoll, Eau Claire; 3rd, H. J. Ammann, Kiel, and as fourth probably W. R. Phelps, Janesville. I am convinced, however, that there are 2 good many other equal in qualification.

## Two New Propaganda Pamphlets.

WHAT WORKINGMEN'S VOTES CAN DO by Ben. Hanford. "One of the best pieces of propaganda literature we have." (The Worker, New York.) "One of the best campaign pamphlets ever printed." (The Teller, Terre Haute, Ind.) Another good propaganda pamphlet by the same author HANFORD'S REPLY TO HAYMEYER.

PATRIOTISM AND SOCIALISM. 24 pages, illustrated, pocket size, with red parchment cover. Price 5 cents 25 copies 50 cents 100 copies \$1.50. To shareholders of the Comrade Co-operative Publishing Co. at half price. Any socialist may receive by monthly payments of 50 cents a \$5.00 share in the Comrade Co-operative Publishing House and thereby enjoy special rates for the Comrade and other Socialist literature. Comrade Co-operative Co., 11 Cooper St., N.Y.

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tion or surpassing one or the other, but I must go after my own personal judgment.

I repeat, I don't intend to influence any of my comrades, but I should be glad if every one acts in that election with utmost care and ripe judgment, and not allow a play of chance to select names, but men best fit for the office, to whom we may trust the management of our party in safety.

One of the very oldest comrades, with abundance of experience on both sides of the ocean.

Comrades:—Enclosed you will find \$3.00 for which please send me 6 postal cards and the four books marked in blue pencil. I also enclose additional \$2.00 in payment for the 4 cards sent me some time ago. This will entitle me to having my own subscription renewed for a year and a copy of Kantaky's "Social Revolution." I am highly pleased with the Herald; it is always a welcome visitor. Its moderation in its treatment of matters relating to the international affairs of the party, together with the generally very reliable propaganda matter it contains makes it of great value as a thought-provoker.

H. Hauch.

Alameda, Cal., Oct. 24. Comrades: I regret to write there has been a shooting scrape and killing out on our range over money matters. It was in self defense, but the man who did the deed had been in our family for years and he is "on the dodge." I must close down this range and leave soon. Hence you can see I can take no papers for a season. Sorry, but will be busy on the wing and no settled home. Later will surely subscribe again. Its one of the highest toned Socialist papers that comes to me. Its literary merits are above the average. I like it immensely.

Ada M. Morley.

New Mexico, Oct. 21.

Editor Herald: A month ago the secretary of the Cigar-makers' union was instructed to write the Postum Cereal Co. of Battle Creek, Mich. in regard to its advertisement in Los Angeles Times and discontinuance of same; otherwise loss of trade, etc. You will find their printed answer enclosed. Evidently they have had previous letters like the Cigar-makers' on the library by date of the enclosed that the answer was prepared in advance. And it is a dandy. Perhaps you have seen it before. If not, perhaps you can make use of it in some way to our advantage.

Wm. Jones.

Muskegon, Mich., Oct. 5.

Answers to Correspondents.

C.—Prof. Parsons, before the Congress of Religions held in Buffalo during the Pan-American exposition, stated that in over 400 cases of municipal ownership which he had investigated he had failed to find a single instance of corruption. Does this answer your question?

Rev. J. W. Becker, Sheboygan.—If, as you say, all those elected to office in Sheboygan are on Mayor Born's side in his appointment of labor-fighting capitalist political hacks on the library board, then so much the worse for the Socialism of those elected. You say: "I claim that the mayor just stood for and by a Socialist principle when he made those appointments." You think it is a Socialist principle to make use of

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official position, gained by Socialist votes, to put capitalist party men on guard, to say nothing of certain other things that need hardly be mentioned here? Ye gods! Doubtless you think the mayor was very clever when he called an extension of a capitalist franchise "an immediate demand." And do you also stand with him in his politician's trick of diverting attention from his case by springing other matters?

THE AMERICAN CESS-POOL.

(Continued from page 1.)

ard Oil Company here is used to describe all these enterprises in which Mr. John D. Rockefeller has united the greatest aggregation of capital in the world. Senator Aldrich is just now representing the Standard Oil group in the proposed currency legislation. When Congress meets he will be found in the front rank pressing through Congress a bill to permit the temporary inflation of the currency so it may meet the demands which may be made upon it every time the speculators in Wall Street expand prices. It has been described as a scheme to make it easy for the banks to get money out of the United States treasury so they can lend it at high rates of interest to speculators. Having a larger capital than any other group of banks, the Standard Oil banks want this legislation more than any other. But the J. Pierpont Morgan clique wants it too. The currency bill, as presented by Senator Aldrich in the closing hours of the 57th Congress, was embellished with several "jokers." One was a provision that the payment of \$10,000,000 to the Panama Canal Company for its property and franchises should be made not directly out of treasury, but by means of a bond issue. On these bonds the government should pay at least 2 1/2 percent. The \$10,000,000 should be deposited in the banks which should pay the government 2 percent. Thus the banks would borrow the \$40,000,000 from the government at 2 percent and turn around and lend the same money to the government for 2 1/2 percent!

Senator Aldrich also represents

the Sugar Trust. He is one of the representatives of the United States Steel Corporation. The Beef Trust, which has been found guilty of conspiring to raise the prices of food, has an active friend in Senator Aldrich. When the bill to prevent the sale of oleomargarine as butter was up Senator Aldrich took charge of the fight in behalf of the Swifts, Armours and other members of the Beef Trust. Senator Aldrich likewise represents the Anthracite Coal Trust.

HANNA'S RESPONSIBILITIES.

Next to Senator Aldrich as the friend of the great combinations of capital is Senator Hanna. Senator Hanna is the chairman of the Republican national committee. In that capacity he collected in 1896 for the election of McKinley the largest campaign fund [Fourteen millions!] ever expended in the United States. Again, in 1900, he collected an enormous sum. This

money came mostly from the trusts,

the great financial institutions and the protected manufacturers. They

all demanded something in return.

First of all they wanted a high protective tariff, and this they got in the Dingley bill. Rockefeller, Morgan, Hill, Harriman, all wanted to be let alone, and permission to go on with their trust building. Griscorn

wanted a ship subsidy. Senator Hanna took the emphatic ground that there should be no more anti-trust legislation. In this position

he had the hearty support of all the "old guard" in the senate, consisting of Aldrich; Spooner, of Wisconsin; Quay, of Pennsylvania; Allison, of Iowa; Elkins, of West Virginia; Foraker, of Ohio, and Fairbanks, of Indiana. All these men can be

classed as the defenders of the trusts, and when they unite they can dominate the senate.

One day hurried messages flashed over the wires between the Standard Oil building in New York and the United States senate. These telegrams said that the Standard Oil Company did not approve of the clause in the Department of Commerce and Labor bill which required corporations to make reports, and that it must not pass. Some of these telegrams were signed by John D. Rockefeller, some by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., some by J. D. Archbold, and some by H. H. Rogers.

The messages were received by Senator Knute Nelson, the author of the bill in question; by Senator Lodge, Senator Wetmore, of Rhode Island; Senator Quay, of Pennsylvania; Senator Kean, of New Jersey, and two or three others. Senator Aldrich had the individual honor of being called up over the telephone.

SENATOR CLARK'S INTERESTS.

Timber is as essential to mining as dynamite. It is used for props, railroad ties and various other things. Indictments were found in 1901 against 102 persons for fraudulent practices in connection with the timber lands which had been owned by the government in Idaho and Western Montana. Officials of the Land Office in making their investigation had discovered that various persons had taken up the small tracts which they were entitled to under the law, and had disposed of them to the great miners of that country. W. A. Clark, then United States senator from Montana, and to the Daly estate. Dressmakers, school teachers and others had taken up these lands and disposed of them to the copper kings. In this way Senator Clark got possession of the title to a vast tract of 15,000 acres, worth many hundreds of thousands of dollars.

THE COST OF RAILROADS.

The railroads of the country are well looked after in the senate.

Senator Chauncey M. Depew, of New York, is the chairman of the board of directors of the New York Central and Vanderbilt system. Senator T. C. Platt is president of

the United States Express Company.

Both of these corporations have large dealings with the government.

James J. Hill looks after the interests of the Northern Securities Company himself. The Union Pacific Railroad turns to Senator Millard, of Nebraska, when it wants anything done.

The brewing interests of the United States are represented by Representative Joseph W. Babcock, of Wisconsin. Mr. Babcock is chairman of the Republican congressional committee, and the brewer contributed liberally to the campaign fund three years ago. The next Congress abolished the war tax on beer.

SENATORIAL MILLIONS.

Most of the senators who are engaged in shielding the trusts and corporations that have so long dominated Congress are above the suspicion that they do it for pay. It is a surprising fact that most of them are millionaires in their own right. While they are actually the servants of the trusts they are parts of the trusts.

Verily, this issue of Frank Leslie's is well worth keeping for reference!

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**Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee**

HEADQUARTERS: 318 State Street, SECOND FLOOR.

The Regular Meetings of the Council are held first and third Wednesdays at 8 o'clock, at 298 Fourth Street, Second Floor.

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**Federated Trades Council.**

Regular meeting, Wednesday, Nov. 10. Delegate Arnold in the chair; Delegate Rosenberg vice chairman. Delegates seated from Musician, Journeymen Tailors, Bakers, Clothing Outlets, Glass Workers, Teamsters, Electrical Workers, Printers, Pressmen. Special order to a metal trades section was read and discussed at length. Delegate Healy read a letter from the officers of the Metal Trades Federation and claimed it was in practical compliance with the A. F. of L. He also read a letter from the officers of the Metal Trades Federation and claimed it was in practical compliance with the A. F. of L. He also read a letter from the officers of the Metal Trades Federation and claimed it was in practical compliance with the A. F. of L.

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Since the capitalists have discovered that the unions have come to stay they try to mold them to fit their case.

Speaking of generosity, there is no one so generous as the workingman. He feeds, clothes and houses the world. He laughs and smiles with those that enjoy and yet they treat him with contempt.

When business men meet, are you making yes, shake. When workingmen meet, are you working, no, laid off.

The Coffee Roasters and Helpers Union of Chicago desires that announcement be made of the fact that the firm of W. F. McLaughlin & Co., manufacturers of XXXX coffee, has been unionized from top to bottom and granted a nine-hour workday and adopted the American Federation of Labor label.

Fraternally,  
F. B., Secy.

**Agitation Fund.**

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Branch No. 9, City Org. Fund...	2.00
Branch No. 12, City Org. Fund...	2.00
Branch No. 13, City Org. Fund...	2.00
Branch No. 14, City Org. Fund...	2.00
Branch No. 11, City Org. Fund...	2.00
John Wiemers	1.00
W. E. C. Entertainment	2.00
Dues from Branches	6.50
<b>Total</b>	<b>15.50</b>

**State Treasurer's Report for the Month of October.**

Oct. 1, Cash on hand	\$11.89
Receipts from state secy.	272.18
<b>Total</b>	<b>284.07</b>

**Expenditures.**

W. R. Gaylord, organizer salary	20.00
Cream City Bill Posting Co. for posting bills	14.00
E. H. Thomas, postage, telegrams and express	18.00
W. R. Gaylord, organizer salary	10.00
N. H. Klein, services as speaker	5.00
W. C. Krenl, for type-writer	23.00
W. R. Gaylord, organizer salary	10.00
W. C. Krenl, for type-writer	3.00
W. R. Gaylord, organizer salary	10.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>125.06</b>

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PRICES: 10, 20, 30c  
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LADIES MATINEE FRIDAY.

## FIRST GRAND BALL

Arranged by the  
15th Ward Branch, S. D. P.,  
AT  
**MEIXNER'S HALL,**  
Cor. 27th and Vliet Sts.  
Saturday, Nov. 14, 1903.  
Tickets 10 cts., at the door 25 cts.

## PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.

The City Central Committee of Milwaukee, S. D. P., has leased the EXPOSITION BUILDING for a MONSTER MASK CARNIVAL, JANUARY 30, 1904. A Committee consisting of one delegate from each ward is now making arrangements for the noteworthy event. It solicits every reader's co-operation in making this affair a splendid success. This can be done by talking it up with your acquaintances, by making your appointments accordingly, and by seeing to it that Branches and Unions take notice of the date.

Send us \$2.00

We'll return \$2.50.

How! Easy enough. Value of one subscription card 50 cts.; five, \$2.50. Tickle us with a two-dollar bill and we'll tickle you with five sub. cards.

Social Democratic Herald.

## Opening of Gram's Art Piano Parlors

IN COMMEMORATION OF HIS TWENTIETH BUSINESS ANNIVERSARY.

THE LARGEST AND FINEST STOCK OF PIANOS IN THE WORLD.

BEAUTIFUL NEW MODELS NOW EXHIBITED FOR THE FIRST TIME.

Hundred's of Choice Pianos from the World's Greatest Makers—Very Low Prices—Easy Terms.

BARGAINS IN USED PIANOS RECENTLY TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

In the Edmund Gram Music House you will find the largest and most varied stock of the highest grade pianos ever seen under one roof. Nowhere can you see such instruments as the Steinway, Steck, Everett, Starr, Harvard, Richmond and Jewett, standing side by side. This great display of pianos makes the vast amount of business done and the advantages the public have in dealing with this House self-evident, as being such extensive buyers they can afford to furnish the best instruments at the lowest possible prices; another advantage in dealing with this House is, that an owner of an inferior grade piano can exchange it for an instrument such as mentioned above, and receive full value for the one he wishes to exchange. Visitors are always cordially welcome to our salesrooms, and we would, for the ensuing week, especially invite them to attend the recitals given daily on the Pianola and Orchestralle from 9 to 4 p. m.

At the meeting of the city central committee last Monday night the place of meeting was changed to 318 State street, third floor, and the meeting nights to the second and fourth Mondays of the month, beginning with the last Monday in November.

The Milwaukee Free Press thought it would be cute the other day and misquoted the address of A. M. Dewey, special agent of the Department of Labor, before the Forum club of Milwaukee, to the effect that the Socialists of Milwaukee were not capable of holding office. The cheap lie is exposed in the following letter, which we have received from Comrade Dewey:

Editor of the Herald: One of the city dailies in its report of my address before the Forum Club the other evening, quoted me as saying the "Socialists are not competent to manage the affairs of the city of Milwaukee." What I did say was that I quite agreed with the declaration of Comrade Berger at the Citizens' mass meeting recently that the Socialists only want to be entrusted with the responsibilities of government when it can be done with the votes of Socialists—of men well grounded in the principles of Socialism—of men who cannot be corrupted by the money or the influences of capitalism.

A. M. Dewey.

Some time ago there was a review of the government troops down in Kentucky, and Col. Falk of the organized local man-killers and strike-breakers issued a tearful scold in the papers about the business men who were too greedy to let the soldier boys in their employ get off long enough to go with the Wisconsin troops to take part in the review. The state troops had been invited, he said, and it would be a great advantage to them to get the training, etc., etc. We suspected at that time that it wasn't mere leave of absence that the toy colonel was so melancholy about, and now it leaks out that we were right. His appeal to the patriotism (\$\$\$\$\$) of the employers was in effect an appeal for absence for the men—with full pay. What he did was to remind the employers, by indirection, that the soldiers are maintained for their benefit, so that, when necessary they ought to cough up, if we may make use of that expressive vulgarism. We do not know how many were led to "cough up," but information comes to us from one of the men that the members of the militia employed by the street railway company were allowed to draw full pay while down in Kentucky! So patriotic! A workingman who joins the militia takes sides with capitalism against his fellow workers and should be regarded in his true light by the working class.

We may commiserate with the workers on the Sentinel who have suddenly lost their jobs by reminding them that they are earning bread and butter under a crazy capitalist system, the cardinal fact of which, so far as the wage worker goes, is uncertainty of employment and an anxious living. We urge them to hereafter vote the Socialist ticket and thus strengthen us in our determination to abolish the capitalist wage system and to inaugurate co-operative labor in its place.

## WISCONSIN NOTES.

Branches wishing the services of Comrade Thompson next January will please apply at once, before his dates are all filled.

Kenosha is about to start an agitation among the Poles of that city, and will engage Comrade Barkowski for that purpose.

Several localities are now arranging for lectures for Gertrude Breslau Hunt of Chicago. Applications from other branches wanting a date should be sent in at once.

Milwaukee can now boast of twenty-four branches, the last unorganized ward, the third, having been duly organized and granted a charter. There is now one branch for every ward, and two (one Polish) in the Fourteenth ward.

Nicholas Klein, the Boy Orator, will make the following dates: La Crosse, Nov. 24, 25, 26; Pittsville,

**KERN'S SUCCESS FLOUR**

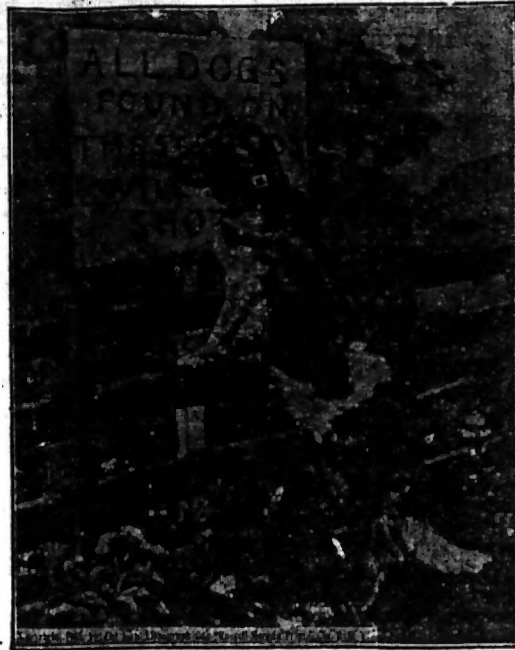
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LOOK FOR PREMIUMS.  
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TRY A CUP OF OUR JAVA AND MOCHA.  
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**SECOND HAND STOVES.**  
BIG BARGAIN in second hand round and square heaters, cook stoves and furnaces. I. SORER, 415 3rd St. Phone 2162 White.

27; Grand Rapids, 28 and 29; Auburndale, 30; Marshfield, Dec. 1; Mosinee, 4; Wausau, 3 and 4; Tomahawk, 5; Rhinelander, 6 and 7; Ashland, 8, 9 and 10; Superior, 11, 12, 13 and 14. Comrade Klein is reported as doing splendid work in Minnesota, and good results are expected from his labors in this state.

Open meeting and smoker Truck Drivers' Union No. 749, 325 Chestnut st., November 17th. Prominent speakers will address the meeting.



The Way of the Transgressor, at the Alhambra Theater.

On Sunday, Nov. 15, Comrade W. R. Gaylord will speak at National hall, Grove street and National avenue, on "Socialism and Individualism," beginning at 2:30 o'clock. Comrade W. H. Ferber of Ripon, addressed an interested audience there last Sunday and Comrade Dewey and others also took part. The attention and enthusiasm was at high pitch. On Sunday, Dec. 6, Comrade May Wood Simons, of Chicago, will lecture.

Don't miss that meeting at Headquarters 344 Sixth street, Monday evening, to plan for a Sunday lecture temple in Milwaukee.

Comrade A. M. Dewey, Special Agent of the United States Department of Labor of Washington, D.C., will speak before the members of the Stuart Ried lodge No. 300 of the Machinists, on Tuesday Nov. 10.

## WHEN YOU

Get tired trying to find a stylish, serviceable shoe at a reasonable price, when you begin to think, after an inspection of the goods carried by some shoe stores, that the world is moving backwards, gather new courage and come to us. It's this class of Customers that we appreciate so much for they by experience learn to appreciate our efforts to give them full value for the money.

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Our Men's Shoes at \$2.00 per pair, we have them in all leathers, single and heavy soles. We claim the best in America.

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COMRADES, YOUR PATRONAGE IS RESPECTFULLY SOLICITED.

## THE THEATER.

### ALHAMBRA THEATER.

"The Way of the Transgressor," a purpose play by the well-known playwright, Chas. H. Fleming, will be produced at the Alhambra, next week, commencing tomorrow (Sunday) afternoon. It is a play of absorbing interest, full of stirring incident and with enough of rollicking comedy mixed in to give it a fine relish. The vaudeville features are

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